## University Centre for Distance Learning



Syllabi & Scheme of Examination MA Education-1st Year

# Chaudhary Devi Lal University Sirsa (Haryana)

Website:- www.cdlu.ac.in



### DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION SCHEME OF EXMINATION MA (Previous)

Sr. No	. Course Code	Paper	Ext. Ass.	Inter. Ass.	Min. Pass Marks	Time
1.	ED01	Philosophical Foundation of Education	80	20	28	3 Hrs.
2.	ED02	Sociological Foundation of Education	80	20	28	3 Hrs.
3.	ED03	Psychological Foundation of Education	80	20	28	3 Hrs.
4.	ED04	Research Methods in Education	80	20	28	3 Hrs.
5.	ED05	Methods of Data Analysis of Education	80	20	28	3 Hrs.
		Total		500		

Note: A student is required to score - 40 per cent marks in aggregate in order to pass the theory examination. Pass Marks in the individual course is 35 per cent as explained above.

Thus, there will be 500 marks for theory examination of which a candidate is required to score minimum of 200 marks in order to pass the theory examination.

#### M.A. (Education)

#### Course

The duration of the course leading to the degree of Master of Art M.A. in Education shall be of two academic years. In first year there shall be five courses, in the second year, there shall be five courses including a dissertation which will be compulsory for all students.

Theory papers will be of 80 marks each in each theory paper, the candidate will be required to attempt 5 questions, including one compulsory question of short notes, in three hours.

#### (A) FIRST YEAR

- Course 1 Philosophical Foundation of Education
- Course 2 Sociological Foundation of Education
- Course 3 Psychological Foundation of Education
- Course 4 Research Methods in Education
- Course 5 Methods of Data Analysis in Education.

### M.A. (Previous Education) PHILOSOPHICAL FOUNDATION OF EDUCATION

Max. Marks: 80 (Ext.) 20 (Int.) Time Allowed: 3 Hrs.

Note: There will be nine questions in the question paper.

Students are required to attempt five questions in all. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Question no. I shall be compulsory which will comprise of eight short answer type questions parts and students are expected to answer any five parts.

There will be eight other questions comprising of two questions from each of the four units. Students are expected to attempt one question from each unit.

#### Course Contents:

#### Unit-1

- \* Relationship between Education and philosophy.
- \* Indian Schools of Philosophy:-

Samkhya, Vedanta, Nyaya

Buddhism and Jainsim with special reference to their educational implications.

#### Units-2

Western Philosophies: Major Schools:-

Naturalism

Idealism

Pragmatism

Logical Positivisin

Existentialism

Marxism

Their Educational implications with special reference to epistemology, axiology and the process of education.

#### Unit - 3

Contributions of following Indians Philosophers to

Eduction Thought:

Vivekananda

Tagore

Gandhi

Aurobindo, and

J. Krishananmurthy

#### Unit-4

Education, National Values and the constitution of India

Nature of knowledge and the knowledge getting process

Social Philosophy of Education Freedom, equality, Democracy and Responsibility.

#### Selected Readings:

- 1. Baskin, Wade: Class in Education, Vision press London, 1966.
- 2. Brubacher, John's: Modern Philosophies of Education, Tata McGraw, Hill, New Delhi, 1969.
- 3. Broudy, H.S: Building a Philosophy of Education, Krieger, New York, 1977
- 4. Butler, J.D.: "Idealism in Education" Harper and Row, New York, 1966
- 5. Dewey, John: "Democracy and Education", Macmillan, New York, 1966
- 6. Dupuis, A.M.: "Philosophy of Education in Historical perspective", Thomson Press, New Delhi, 1972.
- 7. Kneller, George F: "Foundations of Education" John Wiley and Sons, 1978.
- 8. Morris, Van C.: "Existentialism in Education what It means", Harper & Row, New York, 1966.
- 9. Pand y, RS.: "An Introduction to Major Philosophies of Education", Vinod Pustak Mandir, Agra. 1982.
- 10. Narvana, V.S.: "Modern Indian Thought", Orient Longmans Ltd., New York, 1978, 11. Mukerjee, RK.: "Ancient Indian Education". Motilal Banarsidas, Varanasi, 1969.

#### Sociological Foundation of Education

Max. Marks: 80 (Ext.) 20 (Int.) Time Allowed: 3 Hrs.

*Note:* There will be nine questions in the question paper.

Students are required to attempt five questions in all. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Question no. I shall be compulsory which will comprise of eight short answer type questions parts and students are expected to answer any five parts.

There will be eight other questions comprising of two questions from each of the four units. Students are expected to attempt one question from each unit.

#### Course Contents:

#### Unit-1

\* Concept of Educational sociology of Education

Social organization and its concepts

Factors influencing social organization-folk ways, more: institution; vales.

Dynamic characteristics of Social organization and its educational implication.

\* Social interactions and their education implication

Social Group inter- group relationship group dynamic.

Social stratification-concepts of social stratification and its education implication.

\* Culture: Meaning and Nature of Culture.

Role of Education in cultural context.

Cultural determinants of education.

Education and cultural change.

#### Units-2

\* Social change: its meaning and concept with special reference of India.

Concept of urbanization modernization, westernization and sankritisation with special reference to Indian society ands its education implications.

- \* Social principles in education social and economic relevance to education.
- \* Socio-economic factors and their impact on education.

#### Unit - 3

\* Education in relation to democracy, freedom nationalism, national integration, international understanding.

\* Education and Society

Education: As a process in social system.

As a process in socialization, and As a process of social progress

#### Unit-4

\* Education opportunity and inequality:

Inequality of education opportunities and their impact on social growth and Development

\* Social theories:

Functionalist-Emile Durkheim, Talcott Parsons, and R.K. Metron.

Marxism Integral Humanism (based on 'swadeshi') with special reference to social change. Selected Readings:

- 1. Pandey, K.P.: "Perspectives in Social Foundations of Education", Amitash Prakashan, Ghaziabad, 1983.
- 2. Havighurst, Robert et AI: "Society and Education", Allyns and Boston, 1995.
- 3. Gore, M.S.: "Education and Modernization in India", Rawat Publishers, Jaipur, 1984
- 4. Kamat, A.R: "Education and Social Change in India", Samaiya Publishing Co., Bombay 1985.
- 5. Maunheim, K. Et. AI: "An Introduction to Sociology of Education", Routledge and Kegan Paul, London, 1962.
- 6. M.H.R.D.: "Towards an Englightened and Human Society", Department of Education, New Delhi 1990.
- 7. Inkeles, Alix: What is Sociology? Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 1987.
- 8. Maslow, A.H. (Ed): "New Knowledge in Human Values", Harpe and Row New York, 1959.
- 9. Mossish. Loor: "Sociology of Education: An Introduction" George Allen and Unwin, London 1972.

#### **Psychological Foundation of Education**

Max. Marks: 80 (Ext.) 20 (Int.)

Time Allowed: 3 Hrs.

*Note:* There will be nine questions in the question paper.

Students are required to attempt five questions in all. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Question no. I shall be compulsory which will comprise of eight short answer type questions parts and students are expected to answer any five parts.

There will be eight other questions comprising of two questions from each of the four units. Students are expected to attempt one question from each unit.

Course Contents:

#### Unit-1

\* Meaning of education and psychology:

Relationship of education and psychology

Scope of educational psychology

\* Methods of Educational psychology:

Experimental

Clinical

Differential

\* Growth and Development:

Physical development during childhood and adolescence.

Social development during childhood and adolescence

Emotional development during childhood and adolescence.

Mental development during childhood and adolescence.

#### Units-2

\* Individual Differences

Concept and areas

Determinates: Roles of heredity and environment in developing individual differences

Implications of individual difference for organizing educational programme

\* Gifted Mentally Retarded Children

Meaning and Characteristics

Needs and problems

\* Creativity:

Concept

Characteristics

Development of Creativity

Importance of Creativity in Education

#### Unit - 3

\* Intelligence:

Definition and nature of intelligence;

Theories: Two factors theory (spearman) Mutlifactor theory

Group factor theory, Guildford model of intellect

Hierarchical of intelligence (Two verbal and two non-verbal tests).

\* Personality: Meaning and Determinants, Type and train Theories

Assessment of personality by subjective and projective methods.

#### Unit-4

\* Learning:

Meaning

Theories and their educational implications Pavlov's classical conditions

Skinner's operant conditioning

Learning by insight

\* Hull's reinforcement theory

Lawin's field theory

Gagne's hierarchy of learning theory Factors influencing learning

\* Motivation:

Concept of motivation

Theories of motivation

Physiological Theory

Murray's Need Theory

Psycho-analytical Theory

Maslow's theory of hierarchy of needs

Factors affecting motivation

#### Selected Readings:

- 1. Abramson, Paul, R.: "Personality", New York: Holt Rinehart and Wiston, 1980.
- 2. Allport G.W.: "Personality", New York: Holt, 1954
- 3. Allport, G.W.: "Pattern and Growth in Personality", New York: Rinehart and Winston, 1961.
- 4. Andrews, T.W. (Ed.): "Methods in Psychology", New York John Wiley and Sons, Inc: 1961.
- 5. Baller, Warren, R. Charles, Don and C.: "The Psychology of Human Growth and Development", New York: Holt, Rinehm 1 and Winston, Inc. 1962.
- 6. Baum, A, Newman, S., West, R. & McManus, C.Cambridge: Handbook of Psychology, Health and Medicine, Cambridge University Press, 1997.
- 7. Coleman, C.: "Abnomtal Psychology and Modern Life", Bombay D.B. Taraporewala sons & co. 1976.
- 8. Dicapro, N.S.: "Personality Theories", New York, Harper, 1974.
- 9. Douglas, O.B., Holl, and B.P.: "Foundations of Education Psychology", New York; The Macmillan Co., 1948
- 10. Gangne, R.M.: "The Conditions of Learning", New York, Chicago: Holt, Rinehart and Winston. 1977.
- 11. Gates. AT. ET. AI: "Educational Psychology", New York Macmillan, 1963.
- 12. Hillgard, E.R.: "Theories of Learning", New York: Appleton Century Crafts.
- 13. Kundu, c.L.: "Educational Psychology", Delhi, Sterling Publisher, 1984.
- 14. Kundu, c.L.: "Personality Development", A Critique of Indian Studies, Vishal Publishers, 1976.
- 15. Kundu, c.L. & Tutoo, D.N.: "Educational Psychology", New Delhi: Sterling Publisher, Private Limited: 1988.
- 16. Shanker Udey Development: "Development of Personality", 1965.
- 17. Talbott, LA., Hales, R.E. & Yodofsky, S.G.: Textbook Publishers (P) Ltd. 1994.
- 18. Thorpe, G.L. & Olson, S.L.: "Behvaiours Therapy, Concepts Producedures and Applications", London: Allyn And Bacon, 1999.

#### **Research Methods in Education**

Max. Marks: 80 (Ext.) 20 (Int.) Time Allowed: 3 Hrs.

Note: There will be nine questions in the question paper.

Students are required to attempt five questions in all. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Question no. I shall be compulsory which will comprise of eight short answer type questions parts and students are expected to answer any five parts.

There will be eight other questions comprising of two questions from each of the four units. Students are expected to attempt one question from each unit.

#### UNIT-1

\* Methods of acquiring scientific knowledge: Tradition,

Experience, reasoning - inductive and deductive.

\* Nature and scope of Educational research:

Meaning, Nature and Limitation

Need and Purpose

Scientific enquiry and theory development

Fundamental, applied and action research.

Quantitative and qualitative research.

- \* Some emerging trends in educational research.
- \* Formulation of research problem:

Criteria and sources for identifying the problem.

Delineating and operationlizing variables.

Review of related literature: Importance and various sources including internet. Development hypothesis in various types of research.

#### **UNITS-2**

\* Collection of Data:

Types of data: Quantity and qualitative

Tools and techniques: Characteristics of a good research tool:

Ouestionnaire

Observation

Projective and

Sociometric techniques.

\* Sampling: Concept of population and sample:

Steps and characteristics of a good sample: Various methods of sampling:

Probability and non-probability.

Sampling errors and how to reduce them.

#### UNIT - 3

\* Major Approaches to Research

Descriptive Research

Ex-post facto Research

**Laboratory Experiments** 

Field studies

Historical Research

\* Research Designs

#### UNIT-4

- \* Qualitative Research: Ethnographic, Development, documentary analysis.
- \* Validity and limitations of findings, factors influencing Validity of research findings.
- \* Research Report:

Developing a research proposal (synopsis).

Writing research report and evaluation of research report.

#### Selected Readings:

- 1. Aggarwal, YP. (1988): "The Science Educational Research": A Sourcebook, Nirmal and Kurukshetra.
- 2. Bets, John W. and Kahn James V (1995): "Research in Education", Prentice Hall. New Delhi.
- 3. Bums, R.B. (1991): "Introduction to Research in Education", Prentice Hall, New Delhi.

- 4. Edward, AllenL (1968): "Experimental Designs in Psychological Research", Holt, Rinehar and Wiston, New York.
- 5. Good; C.V. and Douglas, E. Scates (1954): "Methods in Social Research", McGraw Hill, New York.
- 6. Koul, Lokesh (1988): "Methodology of Educational Research", Vikas, New Delhi.
- 7. McMillan, James H. and Schumacher's (1989): "Research in Education": A Conceptual Introduction, Harper and Collins, New York's.
- 8. Mouly, AJ. (1963): "The Science of Educational Research", Eurasia, New Delhi.
- 9. Neuman, W.L. (1997): "Social Research Methods Qualitative and Quantitative Approaches", Allyn and Bacon, Boston.
- 10. Kerliner, F.V. (1973): "Foundation of Behavioural Research", Holt, Rinehan and Winston, New York.
- 11. Travers, R.M.W. (1978): "An Introduction to Educational Research", Macmillan, New York.
- 12. Van Dalen, D.B. (1962): "Understanding Educational Research", McGraw Hill, New York.
- 13. Young, P.V. (1960): "Scientific Social Surveys and Research", Prentice Hall, New York.

#### METHODS OF DATA ANALYSIS IN EDUCATION

Max. Marks: 80 (Ext.) 20 (Int.) Time Allowed: 3 Hrs.

Note: There will be nine questions in the question paper.

Students are required to attempt five questions in all. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Question no. I shall be compulsory which will comprise of eight short answer type questions parts and students are expected to answer any five parts.

There will be eight other questions comprising of two questions from each of the four units. Students are expected to attempt one question from each unit.

Course Contents:

#### UNIT-1

Nature of educational Data

Quantitative and qualititative

Scales of measurement

Descriptive and inferential statistics.

Organization and graphical respresentative data frequency distribution.

Frequency polygon histogram, ogive, smoothed, frequency polygon.

- \* Measures of central tendency: Concept, characteristics computation and uses of mean, median, mode.
- \* Measures of dispersion: Concept, characteristics computation and uses of Range, Quartile Deviation, Average Deviation, Standard Deviation and Variance.
- \* Measure of relative position: Percentiles and percentile ranks.

#### **UNITS-2**

\* Correlations: Meaning, Characteristics, assumptions, computation and uses of: Product moment correlation.

Rank difference correlation.

- \* Partial and Multiple Correlations: Meaning, assumptions computation and uses.
- \* Regression and prediction: Concept, assumptions and computation of linear Regression equations, standard error of measurement.

#### UNIT - 3

\* Tests of significance:

Null hypothesis

Standard error, confidence limits

Type I and Type II errors

One tailed and two tailed tests.

\* The t-test:

Difference between means

Difference between percentages and proportions

Difference between correlations.

\* The F-Test:

One way ANOVA: Meaning assumptions, computation and uses.

#### UNIT-4

\* None Parametric Tests: Meaning assumptions and

Chi-square tests of equality and independence, setting up cross bread for contingency table. Sign test.

#### Selected Readings:

- 1. Aggarwal, YP. (1988): Statistical Methods", Sterling, New Delhi.
- 2. Edward, Allen L (1968): "Experimental Designs in Psychological Research", Holt, Rinehart and Winston, New York.
- 3. Ferguson, George A. (1976): "Statistical Analysis in Psychology and Education", McGraw Hill, New York.
- 4. Garrett, H.E. (1973): "Static's in Psychology and Education", Vakils Feffer and simon, Bomboy.
- 5. Guilford, J.P and Benjamin Fruchter (1973): "Fundamental Statistics in Psychology and Education"," McGraw Hill, New York.
- 6. Kaul, Lokesh (1988): "Methodology of Educational Research", Viaks, New York,
- 7. Kurds, A.K. And Mayo, S.T. (1980): Statistical Methods: "In Education and Psychology" Narola, New Delhi.
- 8. Newman, W.L. (1997): Social Research Methods: "Qualitative and Quantitative Approaches", Allyn and Bacon, Boston.
- 9. Siegel's (1986): "Non-Parametric Statistic", McGraw Hill, New York, to Van Dalen, Trang Web nay coi cung hay, vao coi thu di

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